



Draft Guidelines for Green Standards and Ecolabels Leveraging the Power of Federal Purchasing & Private Sector Standards

"...the Federal Government can and should lead by example when it comes to creating innovative ways to...use
environmentally-responsible products and technologies."

President Obama, October 2009



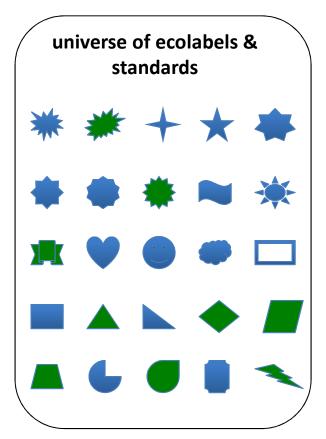
AGENDA

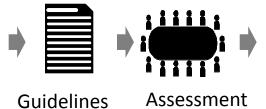
- Context
 - US EPA perspective on sustainable purchasing landscape
 - U.S. Federal Sustainable Acquisition Mandates
 - Role of EPA's Environmentally Preferable Purchasing Program
- Draft Guidelines
 - Intentions
 - Public Comments & Our Response
 - 2015 Pilot to Test & Refine Guidelines & Assessment Approach
- Questions & Answers





TO MAKE A LONG STORY SHORT...





for standards & ecolabels

ecolabels & standards appropriate for U.S. federal green purchasing





What makes a purchase "environmentally preferable" or "sustainable"?

Human Habitat

Durability Health Alteration Reuse/recycle

Options

Packaging

Biodegradability

Transport

Material Optimization

Global Warming

Potential

Corporate/Enterprise Social Responsibility

Embodied Resources

Air Emissions

Water Efficiency

Ozone Depletion

Potential

Resource

Extraction

Safer chemical alternatives





Sustainable Purchasing

Buyers have the info/tools/options to make truly more sustainable choices

Defining/Verifying SustainabilityStandards & Ecolabels

Measuring Sustainability

Supply chain environmental, health, social, economic impact data access, transparency, and tools



THE MARKET LANDSCAPE...

"Enviro-friendly"

"Naturally derived"

"EarthSmart"

"NonPolluting"

"Virtually nontoxic"

"Sustainablysourced"











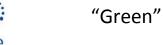
The standard for sustainable living











"EcoSafe"

"No additives"

Friendly"

"Garden Safe"

"Forest

"Healthy"

"Recyclable"









NSF.

cradletocradle











USDA

ORGANIC











SFI CERTIFIED PARTICIPANT"



















U.S. FEDERAL SUSTAINABLE PURCHASING MANDATES

<u>Environmental Sustainability</u> (Brought together per Executive Order 13514)

- Recovered Content (i.e., EPA CPG)
- Non-ozone depleting substances (i.e., EPA SNAP)
- Energy Efficient (i.e., ENERGY STAR, FEMPdesignated)
- Biobased (i.e., USDA BioPreferred)
- Water Efficient (i.e., EPA WaterSense)
- "Low or non-toxic" (not well-defined)
- Environmentally Preferable (e.g., EPEAT)
- Other (e.g., renewables & alt fuel vehicles)

sftool.gov/GreenProcurement

Socio-Economic Sustainability (multiple unlinked mandates)

- Small business set-asides
- Women- and minority-owned business set-asides
- Severely handicapped, blind mandatory sources
- · Avoiding human trafficking
- Others per U.S. labor laws



ENVIRONMENTALLY PREFERABLE PURCHASING PROGRAM PARTICIPATION IN STANDARDS (EXAMPLES) PER THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE NTTAA AND OMB A-119

Spend category	Product	Standards Organization
Electronics	personal computers	IEEE
	imaging equipment	IEEE
	TVs	IEEE
	mobile phones	UL-E
	servers	NSF, IEEE
Buildings, building materials & furnishings	furniture	BIFMA
	homes, office buildings, schools, sites	USGBC, ICC, CHPS, SITES
	thermal insulation, doors, appliances	UL-E, AHAM
	carpet, commercial furnishings fabric, resilient flooring, wall coverings, roofing membranes	NSF
Meetings /Hospitality	destinations, exhibits, venues, a/v, communications, materials, accommodations, food, & transport for meetings, events, trade shows, & conferences	ASTM
Services	Professional Services, Building Maintenance Services	NSF, GreenSeal





EPA'S DRAFT GUIDELINES FOR STANDARDS AND ECOLABELS

- Goal: a transparent, fair, consistent, and results-oriented approach to selecting product environmental performance standards and ecolabels for federal procurement.
 - Based on integrity of development/management process and effectiveness of criteria
 - Provides a cross-sector framework that is flexible to address productcategory specific needs/differences
 - Provides a government-wide approach
 - Recognizes that there is emerging market capacity for the job of assessing standards and ecolabels
- November 27, 2013 April 25, 2014 ~80 organizations and individuals submitted comments.





Who Commented?

100% Recycled Paperboard Alliance (RPA-100%)

American Chemistry Council (ACC)

(ACA)

American Forest & Paper Association (AF&PA)

American High Performance **Building Coalition (AHPBC)**

American National Standards Institute (ANSI)

Association of Home Appliance (EDF)

Manufacturers (AHAM)

ASTM International

BIFMA

BizNGO CalRecycle

Center for Environmental Innovation in Roofing

Center for Resource Solutions

(CRS)

Chemical Fabrics & Film Association, Inc. (CFFA)

Coalition for Government Procurement (The Coalition)

American Coatings Association Consumer Specialty Products

Association (CSPA)

Cradle to Cradle Products Innovation Institute

DEKRA Sustainability

Domtar Paper Corporation

Electronics TakeBack Coalition (ETBC)

American Wood Council (AWC) Environmental Defense Fund

EPDM Roofing Association

EPEAT and Green Electronics Council, Green Electronics

Council (GEC)

Forest Stewardship Council -

United States

ForestEthics & Sierra Club

GE

Green Seal, Inc.

Healthy Schools Network, Inc. New Home Buildings, NHB

Industrial Marketing and Consulting

Information Technology Industry (ITI) Council and

Consumer Electronics Association (CEA)

Institute for Environmental Research and Education (IERE)

International Fragrance

Association, North America

IPC - Association Connecting **Electronics Industries**

ISEAL Alliance

Maryland Children's **Environmental Health**

Coalition

Minnesota Pollution Control Agency

National Industries for the

Blind

National Pest Management Association and GreenPro

Import Export Trading Company

North American Insulation Manufacturers Association

NSF International

Office Depot

Outdoor Industry Association

Polyisocyanurate Insulation Manufacturers Association

(PIMA)

Resilient Floor Covering

Institute (RFCI)

RESOLVE

Responsible Purchasing

Network (RPN)

SCS Global Services

Sika Corporation – Roofing

Sustainability Roundtable, Inc.

Sustainable Apparel Coalition

Sustainable Forestry Initiative

Sustainable Purchasing Leadership Council

Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA)

The Vinyl Institute

Treated Wood Council (TWC)

Tyson Foods, Inc.

U.S. Green Building Council

UL

USDA

Vangeem Consulting

Washington State Department of Ecology

World Wildlife Fund





RESPONSES TO KEY COMMENT THEMES - GENERAL

- Role of Government?
- Baseline vs Leadership Guidelines?
- Substance vs Procedure?



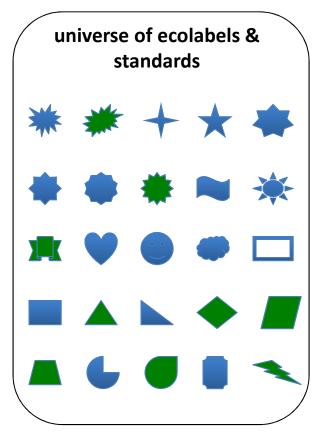


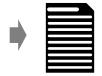
RESPONSES TO KEY COMMENT THEMES — ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTIVENESS GUIDELINES

- Alignment with Relevant Standards
- Significant Measureable Difference
- Performance vs Prescriptive Criteria
- Multi-Attribute, Lifecycle Approaches & Hotspots
- Chemical Ingredient Disclosure
- Instrinsic Hazards

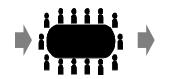


PILOT SCHEMATIC





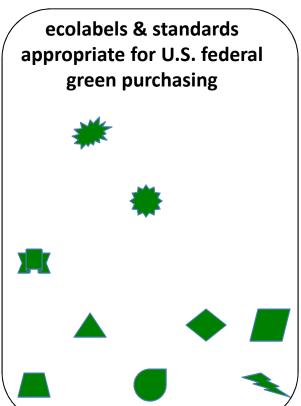
Guidelines for standards & ecolabels



Assessment

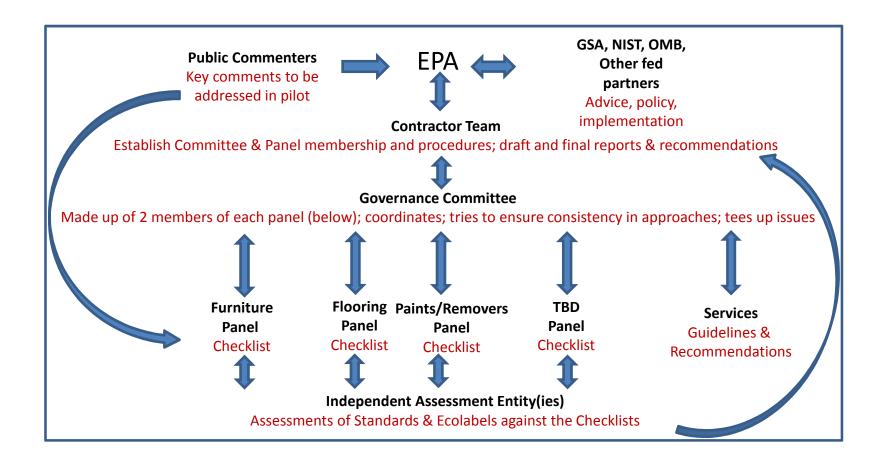
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MORE DETAILED PILOT STRUCTURE...







2015 PILOT PROJECT

Criteria for selecting pilot categories

- Potentially significant environmental and/or human health impact (based on lifecycle assessments and hazard and risk assessments);
- Opportunity for environmental and/or human health improvement through private sector standards/ecolabels;
- Significant volume of federal purchases; and
- Current federal sustainable acquisition mandates in the category are limited, out-of-date, and/or could be augmented with private sector standards.

Goals

- Further refine the Guidelines
- Test the long-term feasibility of multi-stakeholder panels & independent assessors to accomplish the goals of the Guidelines
- Provide an initial set of "recognized standards"
- And, answer some key questions....





KEY QUESTIONS TO ANSWER DURING AND AFTER PILOT:

- What are the vulnerabilities of different standards development models?
- If/How to distinguish among conforming standards?
- How to address categories where both single lifecycle stage/environmental impact and multi-lifecycle stage/environmental attribute impact and ecolabels exist?
- How will "international equivalents" be determined?
- Was the pilot robust enough to implement the results?
- Has the pilot demonstrated that an external effort can sustain itself?
- How often do assessments/reassessments need to occur?
- What aspects of this work does EPA, and/or broader federal government, retain "control" over (i.e., any inherently governmental functions)?
 - e.g., Does EPA finalize the guidelines as "EPA guidelines"?





TIMELINE

- 2014 Respond to Comments and Issue RFP to Test Implementation Approach
- 2015 Run the "Pilot"
- 2016 Consider implementation of "recognized standards" in federal procurement
 - EPA and Interagency decision making regarding post-pilot implementation
 - Federal procurement systems and trainings incorporate the initial set of recognized standards for voluntary use
 - Federal agencies specify the standards/ecolabels in contracts
 - Additional purchase categories addressed

*these last items are in blue because they are just one potential scenario.





FOR MORE INFORMATION...

- Draft Guidelines for Standards & Ecolabels: www.epa.gov/epp/draftGuidelines
- U.S. Executive Order 13514: https://www.fedcenter.gov/programs/eo13514/
- U.S. policy and information resources on standards: http://standards.gov

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